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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR CONFIRMATION NO. 09/700,367 11/15/2000 Rainer Karer 0775/000003 6131 26474 7590 08/09/2007 **EXAMINER** NOVAK DRUCE DELUCA & QUIGG, LLP 1300 EYE STREET NW HANDAL, KAITY V SUITE 1000 WEST TOWER ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER WASHINGTON, DC 20005 1764 MAIL DATE **DELIVERY MODE** 

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary	09/700,367	KARER ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Kaity Handal	1764	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence add	dress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may a vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MO , cause the application to become A	ICATION. I reply be timely filed INTHS from the mailing date of this column ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 Fe</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This     Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.	·	merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4,6-8 and 10-23 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) 11-15 is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4,6-8,10 and 16-23 is/are rejected.  7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b)  objected to drawing(s) be held in abeya ion is required if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CF	, ,
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in a rity documents have bee u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National S	Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application 	

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claims 1,2, 10, 16, 17, and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Govoni et al. (6,413,477).

With respect to claims 1-2 and 16-17, Govoni et al. discloses an apparatus comprising: a single reactor chamber (fig. 3, 60) in the form of a vertical cylinder (col. 10, lines 47-48);

wherein the reactor chamber (60) can have larger diameter at is upper end (col. 11, lines 25-28) which would thus inherently form a calming zone;

a recycle (circulation) line (71 and 81) is connected to the lower section of the reactor chamber (as illustrated), wherein the circulation gas line (71 and 81) is adapted to convey a reaction gas from the calming zone to the region of transition (as illustrated), with a compressor (79) and cooling device (80) within the line (81);

wherein there is no gas distributor plate within the reactor (see figure 3 and col. 10, line 60- col. 11, lines 6); and wherein there is no internal heat exchanger within the reactor (see figure 3 and 3 and col. 12, lines 20-21).

With respect to claims 10 and 23, Govoni et al. discloses wherein there is a cyclone solid/gas separator (72, col. 6, lines 27-32 and col. 10, line 52) between the reactor (60) and the compressor (79) and cooling device (80) of the line (81).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The text of those sections of Title 35 U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

4. Claims 1,3, 4, 6, 10, 16, 18-20, and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Govoni et al. (6,413,477).

With respect to claims 1,3, 4, 16, 18, and 19, Govoni et al. discloses an apparatus comprising:

a reactor chamber (20) in the form of a vertical cylinder (col. 10, lines 47-48); wherein the reactor chamber (20) can have larger diameter at is upper end (col. 11, lines 25-28) which would thus inherently form a calming zone;

a recycle (circulation) line (36) with a compressor (26) and cooling device (27) within the line (36);

wherein there is a single gas distributor plate (33) within the reactor (see figure 2) to shape flow homogenously to the reaction bed;

and wherein there is no internal heat exchanger within the reactor (see figure 2 and 3 and col. 12, lines 20-21).

Govoni et al. fails to disclose any particulars with regard to the amount of open space provided to the gas distribution grid (33). It has been held that where the only difference between the prior art and the claims was a recitation of relative dimensions of the claimed device and a device having the claimed relative dimensions would not perform differently than the prior art device, the claimed device was not patentably

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distinct from the prior art device. In re Rose, 220 F.2d 459, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955); In re Rinehart, 531 F.2d 1048, 189 USPQ 143 (CCPA 1976); In Gardnerv. TEC Systems, Inc., 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984). Also see MPEP 2144.

With respect to claims 6 and 20, Govoni et al. fails to disclose any particulars with regard to the dimensions of the reactor, but does disclose wherein it can have a high aspect ration (height/diameter ratio) (col. 7, lines 28-30). It has been held that where the only difference between the prior art and the claims was a recitation of relative dimensions of the claimed device and a device having the claimed relative dimensions would not perform differently than the prior art device, the claimed device was not patentably distinct from the prior art device. In re Rose, 220 F.2d 459, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955); In re Rinehart, 531 F.2d 1048, 189 USPQ 143 (CCPA 1976); In Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc., 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984). Also see MPEP 2144.

With respect to claims 10 and 23, Govoni et al. discloses wherein there is a cyclone solid/gas separator (22, col. 6, lines 27-32 and col. 10, line 52) between the reactor (20) and the compressor (26) and cooling device (27) of the line (36).

5. Claims 7, 8, 21, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Govoni et al. (6,413,477), as applied to claim 1, and further in view of Lubbock (2,636,712).

With respect to claim 7, 8, 21, and 22, Govoni et al. fails to disclose a closable flap with holes at the region of transition (where the circulation inlet 65 enters the reactor).

Lubbock teaches a slide valve (equivalent to a flap) with orifices (col. 2, lines 18-28) used to control the flow of solids in suspension (col. 1, lines 1-6). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the slide valve of Lubbock in the area where the circulation gas inlet (65) and the reactor (60) connect in order to control the amount of particles which would fall through the grid and into the circulation line.

With further respect to claims 8 and 22, Lubbock fails to disclose a specific size range for the orifices but Lubbock does disclose that the sizes of the orifices are variable (col. 2, lines 18-28). Accordingly, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have optimized, by routine experimentation, the orifice sizes necessary to obtain desired operational conditions (In re Boesch, 617 F.2d. 272,205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980)), since it has been held that where the general conditions of the claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. (In re Aller, 105 USPQ 223).

## Response to Arguments

### Prior Art

Applicant's arguments filed 12/5/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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Applicant argues that a single reaction chamber is not disclosed and that there is not motivation to modify Govoni to have a single reactor chamber. Examiner respectfully agrees, however, the preamble of the claims contains "comprising" transitional language, which is open. Applicant is encouraged to refer to MPEP 2111.03 for a thorough review of the different transitional phrases and their scope in limiting the claim language. Therefore, the reference can include more than what is contained in the claim language.

Applicant further argues that a gas circulation line is not connected to the lower section of a single reactor chamber, while also being directly connected to the upper section of the same reactor. Examiner respectfully disagrees. As set forth in the claim rejection above, the gas circulation line (71 and 81) is connected to the lower section of a single reactor chamber and is directly connected to the upper section of the same reactor (as illustrated in figure 3). Examiner respectfully notes that in the instant application, the return line

Applicant argues that Figure 3 of Govoni et al. shows a section 62 which does not have a gas distributor plate, section 62 is not part of a gas phase fluidized-bed reactor for polymerizing ethylenically unsaturated monomers, which comprises a single reaction chamber. Thus, section 62 is not equivalent to the region of transition claimed in the present invention. Examiner respectfully disagrees. Govoni explicitly teaches that the reactor (60) is comprised of a base comprised of the frustoconical section (62), therefore, section (62) is equivalent to the region of transition claimed in the instant application.

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kaity Handal whose telephone number is (571) 272-8520. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on (571) 272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.



8/3/2007

Glenn Caldarola Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 1700